

School library and students' achievement: the relationship in schools from diverse socio-economic and cultural backgrounds

Rita Marzoli

Head Librarian INVALSI

Ornella Papa

Researcher INVALSI

QQML2018 Chania, 24-05-2018

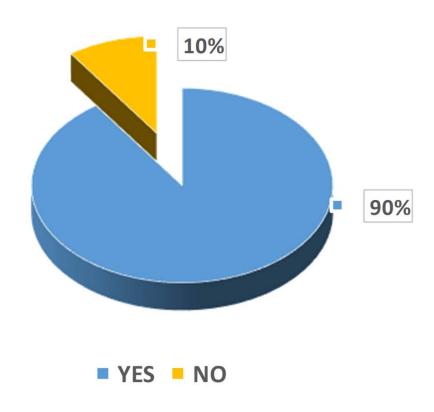


Population sample

	State School	State-recognized Private Schools	Total
I Cycle	4327	722	5049
II Cycle	1851	426	2277
Total	6178	1148	7326

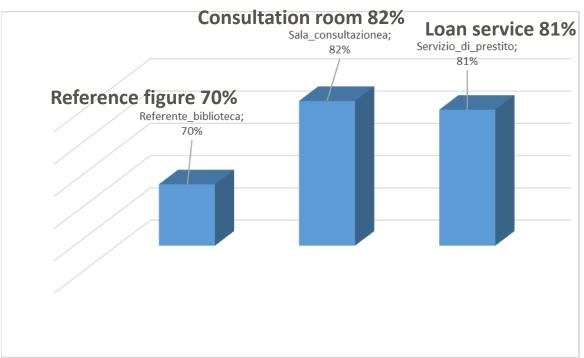


School Libraries





Basic functioning of School Library

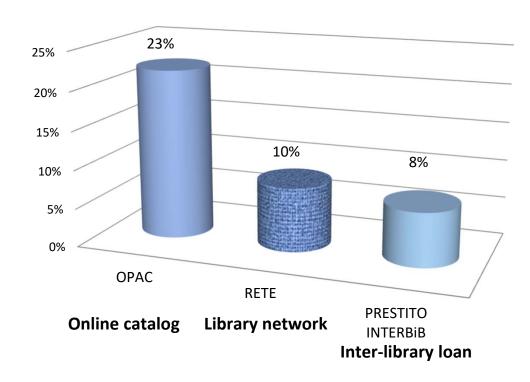


Only 70% of the SLs has a Reference figure.

Over 80% of the SLs has a Consultation room or a Loan service.



Advanced functioning of School Library



23% of SLs has an Online catalog (OPAC).10% of SLs participates in a Library network.8% of SLs performs Inter-library loan.





THE FUNCTIONING

The six previous variables that concur to understand the degree of activity of a library have been added together to create an operating index divided into 3 levels:

Advanced functioning

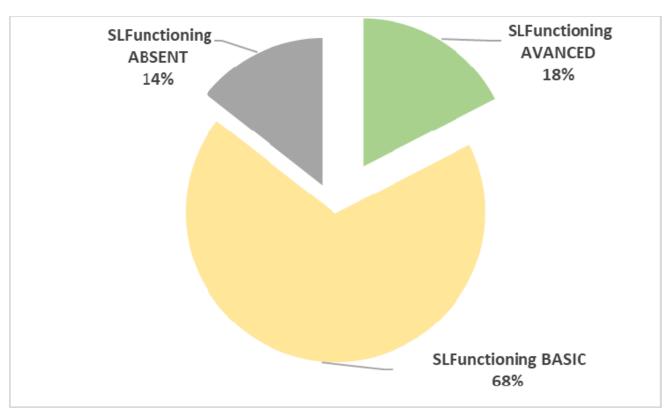
Basic functioning

Absent functioning

The category *Absent functioning* clusters schools without School library (10%) and schools that don't have both Referent figure and Services (4%) in their Library.



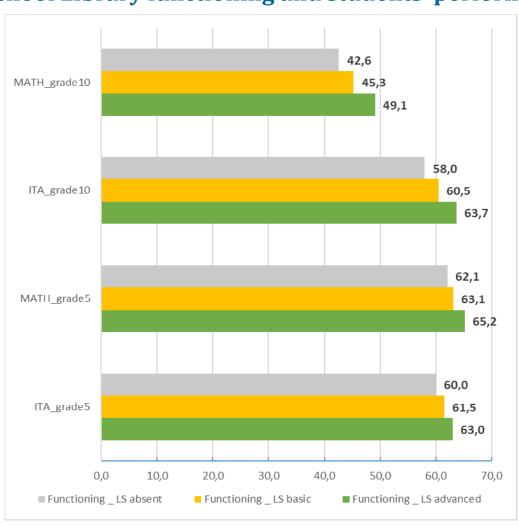
School Library functioning



In 18% of schools the Sl has an advanced level of functioning. In 68% of schools the Sl has a basic level of functioning. In 14% of schools the Sl is absent or is not working.



School Library functioning and students' performance







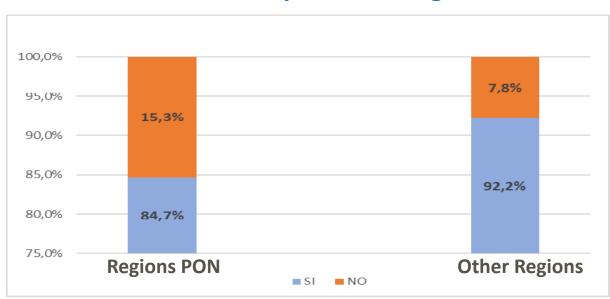
ANOVA shows that the differences between the groups are higher in schools with ESCS* Low and Medium-Low:

		F	Sign
	ESCS<		
ITA _grade 5		29,768	,000
MATH_grade 5		26,822	,000
ITA _grade 10		22,089	,000
MATH_grade 10		23,251	,000
	ESCS >		
<u>ITA_</u> grade 5	До Со	8,174	,000
MATH_grade 5		5,288	,005
ITA _ grade 10		6,024	,002
MATH_grade 10		22,364	,000

^{*}Economic, Social and Cultural Status



School Library and PON Regions



Comparing the presence of SLs in the Convergence Objective Area PON with the other Italian Regions a 7% gap emerges in disadvantaged areas.



The book collection has been divided into 3 segments, the same for which there were found significant differences in the IEA PIRLS survey:

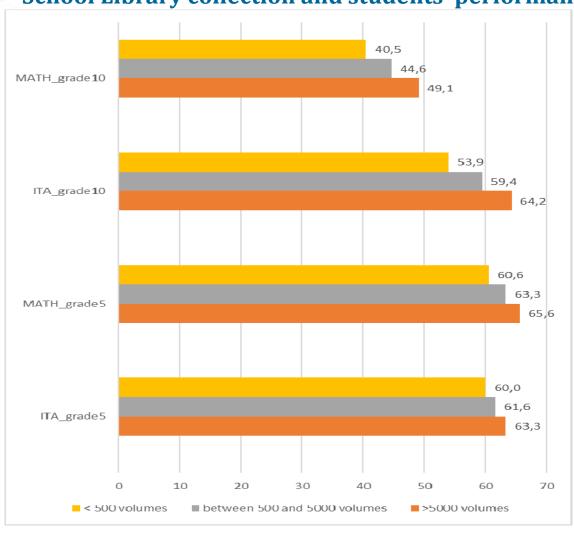


- \square < 500 volumes
- ☐ Between 500 and 5000 volumes
- **□** > 5000 volumes

The results at INVALSI tests of the three groups of schools with different library collections were compared trough ANOVA.



School Library collection and students' performance







Also for the Library collection, ANOVA shows that the differences between the groups are higher in schools with ESCS Low and Medium-Low:

		F	Sign
	ESCS<		
ITA _grade 5		33,693	,000
MATH_grae 5		61,065	,000
ITA _grade 10		42,864	,000
MATH_grade 10		42,453	,000
	ESCS >	40.640	0.00
<u>ITA_</u> grade 5		10,643	,000
MATH_grade 5		24,165	,000
ITA _grade 10		25,729	,000
MATH_grade 10		23,271	,000





Conclusions

The analyses show:

positive relationship
 between the School Library
 and Student's performance



and

- higher relevance of the School Library in schools located in area with low or medium-low ESCS.





Thanks for the attention



